

704-bit EEPROM IP with configuration 11p4w16bit

OVERVIEW

The block is nonvolatile а electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) with volume 704 bits (44x16), which is organized as 11 pages of 4 words by 16 bit with single-bit output data and parallel write data. Write EEPROM page data comes to input data in and write by words latch through the to signal sample data, while the signal write in a state of «1». The address of a word written down in latches is defined by two low bits of the bus word addr.



Set of flags that define the words that will be erased/written to the

page is produced by signals set flag (3:0). Rst data signal used to reset to «0» the contents of all latches before recording data, signal rst flag – to reset to «0» all the flags erase/write before setting the required flags.

Erasing of words from page, that correspond to the flags, performed by setting a signal busy, with the signal erase is at state «1». The address of erased page is defined by four high bits of the bus word addr. Value of the bus word addr doesn't change throughout all cycle of deleting (while $busy = \ll 1 \gg$).

Data writing from latches to the words of page corresponding to flags, is produced by signal setting busy, thus the signal write is in a state «1». The address of writeable page is defined by four high bits of the bus word addr.

Memory is optimized for usage in the industrial and commercial applications, requiring low power consumption and supply voltage.

IP technology: SMIC EEPROM CMOS 0.18um IP status: silicon proven

Area: 0.13mm²

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			min	typ.	max	Unit
Low level supply voltage	V_{dd}	-	1.44	1.80	2.16	V
High level supply voltage	V_{ddh}	-	Vdd	Vdd+0.3	5	V
Operating temperature range	Т	-	-40	+27	+125	°C
Clock frequency for power supply	F_{clkgen}	-	-	500	-	kHz
generators						
Access time	t_{acc}	-	-	-	620	ns
EEPROM size	S	-	-	704	-	bit
Set/reset pulse width	t_{rs}	-	160	-	-	ns
Active pulse width of busy signal	t_{busy}	-	2000	-	2210	us
Current consumption in read mode	Iread	640kbit/s, $V_{dd} = 1.8V$	-	3.0	-	uA
Current consumption in write mode	Iwrite		-	6	-	
Standby current	I _{std}	-	-	-	0.1	uA
High level input voltage	V_{IH}	For digital inputs	$0.7*V_{dd}$	-	-	V
Low level input voltage	V _{IL}		-	-	0.3	V